

IN TOUCH

Bereavement Newsletter

Bereavement Department (602) 530-6970 or hov.org

JULY / AUGUST 2018

UNDERSTANDING DIFFERENT GRIEVING PATTERNS IN YOUR FAMILY

Grief is a family affair

When one member of a family dies, the entire family is affected, as each person grieves in his or her unique way. Roles and responsibilities shift, relationships change, communication and mutual support among family members may suffer. Over time, the family must identify what the roles and functions of the lost member were, decide whose job it will be to execute those duties now, and learn how to compensate for their absence.

Differences in personality

Differing personality styles and patterns among family members will affect how each one individually expresses, experiences and deals with grief. While we all have the capacity to react to loss in a variety of ways, recent personality research shows that there are three basic styles or patterns of grieving: instrumental, intuitive and dissonant. Typically, a person trusts and prefers one pattern of response over the other two and will behave accordingly.

Instrumental grievers experience and speak of their grief intellectually and physically. They are most comfortable with seeking accurate information, analyzing facts, making informed decisions and taking action to solve problems. Remaining strong, dispassionate and detached in the face of powerful emotions, they may speak of their grief in an intellectual way, possibly appearing cold and uncaring to others.

Intuitive grievers experience a full, rich range of emotions in response to grief. Comfortable with strong emotions and tears, they are sensitive to their own feelings and to the feelings of others. Since they feel strong emotions so deeply, they're less able to rationalize and intellectualize the pain of grief and more likely to appear overwhelmed and devastated by it.

Dissonant grievers encounter a conflict between the way they experience their grief internally and the way they express it outwardly, which produces a persistent discomfort and lack of harmony. The "dissonance" or conflict may be due to family, cultural or social traditions. Although their grief may be profound and strongly felt, they struggle to hide their true feelings in order to preserve the image they wish to project to the public. Others may condemn themselves and feel very guilty for not feeling whatever they think is expected of them to feel.

Gender differences

Men are more often instrumental grievers. They tend to put their feelings into action, experiencing their grief physically, rather than emotionally. They deal with their loss by focusing on goal-oriented activities that activate thinking, doing and acting. Rather than endlessly talking about or crying over the person who died, for example, a man may throw himself into time-limited tasks such as planting a memorial garden or writing a poem or eulogy. Such activities give a man not only a sense of potency and accomplishment as he enters his grief, but also a means of escaping it when



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UNDERSTANDING DIFFERENT GRIEVING PATTERNS IN YOUR FAMILY (continued)

the task is done. If a man relates the details of his loss to his closest male friends, it's likely to be around activities they hold in common. Although a man may let himself cry in his grief, he will usually do so alone, in secret, or in the dark, which may lead some to conclude that he must not be grieving at all.

Women, on the other hand, tend to be intuitive grievers. They have been socialized to be more open with their feelings. They may feel a greater need to talk with others who are comfortable with strong emotions and willing to listen without judgment. Unfortunately, while it may be more acceptable for women in our culture to be expressive and emotional, all too often in grief they are criticized for being too sentimental or overly sensitive.

Grieving in children

Children grieve just as deeply, but depending on their cognitive and emotional development, they will experience and express their grief differently from the grown-ups around them. Their response will depend on the knowledge and skills available to them at the time of the loss. More than anything else, children need their parents to be honest with them. They need accurate, factual information; freedom to ask questions and express their feelings; inclusion in decisions, discussions and family commemorative rituals; stable, consistent attention from their caregivers; and time to explore and come to terms with the meaning of their loss.

Allowing for individual differences

The way we grieve is as individual as we are, and our own gender biases may influence how we "read" another gender's grieving. Some females may be instrumental in pattern and style, and grieve in traditionally "masculine" ways, and some males may be more intuitive by nature, and therefore, will grieve in traditionally "feminine" ways. Regardless of differences in personality, gender and age, the pressures of grief are still present for all family members, and the tasks of mourning are the same: to confront, endure and work through the emotional effects of the death so the loss can be dealt with successfully. Grief must be expressed and released in order to be resolved, and all family members need encouragement to identify and release emotions, to talk about and share their thoughts, and to accept help and support from others.



This is an excerpt from the book, Finding Your Way through Grief: A Guide for the First Year, Second Edition, by Marty Tousley, CNSBC, FT, DCC. If you would like to purchase a copy of this book (\$12), please visit hov.org/publications and click on the "Online Store."

When all is said, when all is done, I will remember you with love.

When all is said, when all is done, you will be in my heart forever.

You're the thread that weaves my soul when the fire turns to ember and the grass has turned to gold. When all is said, when all is done, I will remember you...remember you with love.

—Paul Alexander Music. 1992

GRIEF SUPPORT GROUPS

Adult drop-in groups, no registration needed. If the date of a meeting falls on a national holiday, please call to check whether the meeting will take place. For bereavement support, call (602) 530-6970.

PHOENIX

Hospice of the Valley

1510 E. Flower St., Bldg. 1, Phoenix 85014 1st & 3rd Thursday, 6:30–8 p.m.

For the Newly Bereaved

Hospice of the Valley 1510 E. Flower St., Bldg. 1, Phoenix 85014 2nd & 4th Tuesday, 4:30–6 p.m.

Luz del Corazón for Spanish Speakers

Hospice of the Valley 1510 E. Flower St., Bldg. 1, Phoenix 85014 Call to register: (602) 410-5252

The Stratford Assisted Living 1739 W. Myrtle Ave., Phoenix 85021 Watch for future specialty groups

Anthem Civic Building

3701 W. Anthem Way, Anthem 85086 1st & 3rd Tuesday, 6:30–8 p.m.

La Siena Retirement Community

909 E. Northern Ave., Phoenix 85020 1st & 3rd Thursday, 2:30–4 p.m.

Healing Rainbows: Phoenix

(Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender) Hospice of the Valley 1510 E. Flower St., Bldg. 1, Phoenix 85014 2nd & 4th Tuesday, 6:30–8 p.m.

EAST VALLEY

St. Matthews United

Methodist Church 2540 W. Baseline Rd., Mesa 85202 1st & 3rd Tuesday, 6–7:30 p.m.

Hospice of the Valley

2020 E. Woodside Ct., Gilbert 85297 2nd & 4th Monday, 6:15–7:45 p.m. Lost Dutchman Room

EAST VALLEY, continued

Pecos Community Center

17010 S. 48th St., Phoenix 85048 Every other Wednesday, 6–7:30 p.m. See hov.org for dates, or call (602) 530-6970.

Sun Lakes United Methodist Church

9248 E. Riggs Rd., Sun Lakes 85248 1st & 3rd Thursday, 1–2:30 p.m. Multipurpose Education building; park on North side.

San Tan Mtn. View Funeral Home

21809 S. Ellsworth Rd., Queen Creek 85142 2nd & 4th Monday 2nd Monday, 5:30–6:30 p.m. 4th Monday, 10–11 a.m.

Leisure World

908 S. Power Rd., Mesa 85206 2nd & 4th Tuesday, 1–2:30 p.m.

WEST VALLEY

Benevilla

13576 W. Camino Del Sol #22 Sun City West 85375 2nd & 4th Thursday, 3–4:30 p.m.

Hospice of the Valley

9435 W. Peoria Ave., Peoria 85345 2nd & 4th Wednesday, 2–3:30 p.m.

Hospice of the Valley

9435 W. Peoria Ave., Peoria 85345 1st & 3rd Thursday, 6–7:30 p.m.

Christ Evangelical Lutheran Church

918 S. Litchfield Rd., Goodyear 85338 Every other Wednesday, 6–7:30 p.m. Park in back lot. See hov.org for dates, or call (602) 530-6970.

Adult Spanish Speakers

Hospice of the Valley 9435 W. Peoria Ave., Peoria 85345 1st & 3rd Tuesday, 6–7:30 p.m. Starting July 2018: 3rd Tuesday only

NORTHEAST VALLEY

Fountain Hills Comunity Center 13001 N. La Montana Dr.

Fountain Hills 85268 2nd & 4th Monday, 1–2:30 p.m. Activity Center

Granite Reef Senior Center

1700 N. Granite Reef Rd., Room 8 Scottsdale 85257 2nd & 4th Monday, 1:30–3 p.m.

Virginia G. Piper Center

10460 N. 92nd St., Scottsdale 85258 2nd & 4th Tuesday, 3–4:30 p.m. Educational Conference Room

Paradise Valley Community Center

17402 N. 40th St., Phoenix 85032 1st & 3rd Tuesday, 6:30–8 p.m.

The Villages at Mayo Brusally Community Center

5811 E. Mayo Blvd., Phoenix 85054 2nd & 4th Wednesday, 3–4:30 p.m.

PET LOSS SUPPORT GROUP

Hospice of the Valley

Administrative Office, Bldg. 1 1510 E. Flower St., Phoenix 85014 1st Saturday, 9–11 a.m.



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ANNOUNCEMENTS

Bereavement Services

Hospice of the Valley provides bereavement support for up to 13 months following the death of your loved one. Support groups throughout the Valley and grief counseling support are available. Information can be found at hov.org/grief-support-groups, or by calling (602) 530-6970.

New Song Center for Grieving Children

New Song Center for Grieving Children, a program of Hospice of the Valley, provides grief support groups for children, youth, young adults and adults at several locations Valleywide at no cost to participants.

Families with children ages 5 through young adults up to age 25 may participate regardless of the cause of death or whether they received care from Hospice of the Valley.

"Enduring Ties" is an evening support group for families that have experienced the death of a minor child. There is also a support group for grandparents grieving the death of a grandchild.

"Luz del Corazón" is a support group program for families whose first language is Spanish and who have experienced any type of loss through death.

For more information, call (480) 951-8985 or view newsongcenter.org.